

Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center

Community Benefit Implementation Plan Forsyth County, North Carolina 2016-2018

Approved by the Novant Health Triad Region Board of Trustees on October 11, 2016

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I. Introduction

Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center, in partnership with the Forsyth County Department of Public Health, Forsyth County Healthy Community Coalition and Wake Forest Baptists Health conducted a community health needs assessment in FY 2014-2015 to identify the most pressing health needs in our community. Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center will enhance the community's health by offering health and wellness programming, clinical services and financial support in response to the specific health needs identified.

a. Organization Overview

Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center is an integral part of the Novant Health system (collectively known as "Novant Health"). Novant Health is a non-profit integrated health care system of 14 medical centers and a medical group with over 500 clinic locations. Other facilities and programs include, outpatient surgery and diagnostic centers, charitable foundations, rehabilitation programs, and community health outreach programs. Novant Health and its affiliates serve their communities with programs including health education, home health care, prenatal clinics, community clinics and immunization services. Novant Health's over 25,000 employees and physician partners care for patients and communities in North Carolina, Virginia, South Carolina and Georgia.

Mission

Novant Health exists to improve the health of our communities, one person at a time.

Our employees and physician partners strive every day to bring our mission, vision and values to life. We demonstrate this commitment to our patients in many different ways. Our organization:

- Maintains an active community health outreach program.
- Demonstrates superior outcomes for many health conditions as indicated by our state and national quality scores.
- Creates innovative programs that address important health issues, with many of our programs and services being recognized nationally.
- Believes in its role as a good corporate citizen, working with community agencies and organizations to make our communities better places to live and work.

Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center (NHFMC), a 921-bed tertiary care hospital, offers a full continuum of emergency, medical, surgical, rehabilitative and behavioral health services. Centers of excellence include Forsyth Rehabilitation Center, Novant Health Maya Angelou Women's Health & Wellness Center, Novant Health Heart & Vascular Institute, Novant Health Derrick L. Davis Cancer Center, Forsyth Stroke & Neurosciences Center, Novant Health Orthopedic Center and Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center Behavioral Health.

b. Our Community

Primary and Secondary Service Areas

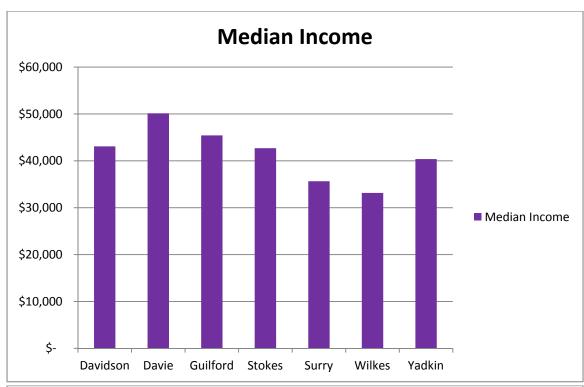
The Primary Service Area for Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center is defined by the zip codes that represent 75% to 85% of the hospital's in-patient population as outlined below:

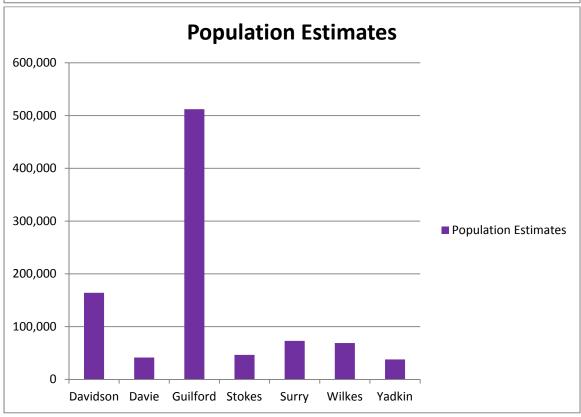
Zip Code	City	County	Zip Code	City	County
27009	Belews Creek	Forsyth	27110	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27010	Bethania	Forsyth	27111	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27012	Clemmons	Forsyth	27112	Winston Salem	Forsyth
270253	Lewisville	Forsyth	27113	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27040	Pfafftown	Forsyth	27114	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27045	Rural Hall	Forsyth	27115	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27050	Tobaccoville	Forsyth	27116	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27051	Walkertown	Forsyth	27117	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27094	Rural Hall	Forsyth	27120	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27098	Rural Hall	Forsyth	27127	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27099	Rural Hall	Forsyth	27130	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27101	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27150	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27102	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27152	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27103	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27155	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27104	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27157	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27105	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27198	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27106	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27199	Winston Salem	Forsyth
27107	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27284	Kernersville	Forsyth
27108	Winston Salem	Forsyth	27285	Kernersville	Forsyth
27109	Winston Salem	Forsyth			•

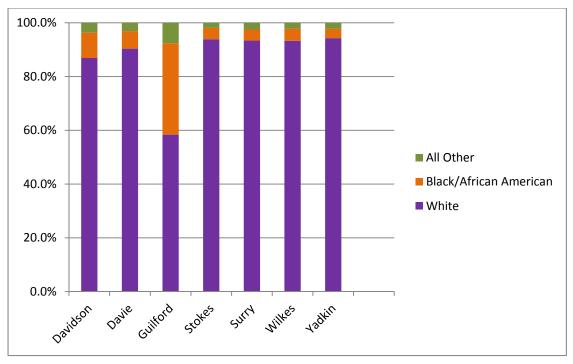
Forsyth County, NHFMC's primary service area and defined community, includes the county seat of Winston-Salem. Based on 2014 estimates, Forsyth County remained the fourth largest county in the State of North Carolina with just over 365,000 residents¹. Forsyth County's population grew 4.2% since the 2010 US Census when there were an estimated 350,670 county residents. The County covers a 408 square mile area, with an average of 859.5 persons per square mile.

The Primary Service Area includes the City of Winston Salem, the Towns of Bethania, Kernersville, Lewisville, Rural Hall, Walkertown and the Village of Clemmons, which are all located in Forsyth County. The Secondary Service Area for Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center covers a seven county radius, including: Davidson, Davie, Guilford, Stokes, Surry, Wilkes and Yadkin counties. According to the 2014 U.S. Census estimates, the aforementioned counties include the following demographic profiles:

¹ U.S. Census Bureau (2015). State & County QuickFacts. http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states/37/37067.html







Population

Forsyth County is more urban in nature, with only 7.4% ² of the population living in rural areas. The county consists of a large urban center surrounded by smaller, more rural communities. Demographic data for Forsyth County is outlined below:

Forsyth County Population By Race & Ethnicity (2014)

	Forsyth County	North Carolina
Population Estimate	365,298	9,943,964
Persons Under 5 Years, percent 2014	6.3%	6.1%
Persons Under 18 Years, percent 2014	23.7%	23.0%
Person 65 Years & Over, percent 2014	14.4%	14.7%
Female Persons, percent 2014	52.5%	51.3%
White Alone, percent 2014	67.5%	71.5%
Black/African-American Alone, percent 2014	27.1%	22.1%
American Indian & Alaska Native Alone, percent 2014	0.8%	1.6%
Asian Alone, percent 2014	2.3%	2.7%
Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islander Alone, percent 2014	0.1%	0.1%
Two or More Races, percent 2014	2.1%	2.1%
Hispanic or Latino, percent 2014	12.6%	9.0%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau (2014).

²NC Economic Data and Site Information, 2015,

http://accessnc.commerce.state.nc.us/docs/countyProfile/NC/37067.pdf

Children and adolescents make up an estimated one-third (30.0%) of the population in Forsyth County, while seniors make up 14.4% of the population. From 2014 to 2019, the population of Forsyth County is projected to grow by 0.8%. Non-white minorities currently make up almost half (45%) of the racial demographic in Forsyth County.

Forsyth County residents earn a median income that is slightly lower than the North Carolina state average. According to the U.S. Census 2014 American Community Survey, roughly one-third (32.1%) of Forsyth County residents have attained a bachelor's degree or higher³. A key indicator to evaluate economic condition of Forsyth County is the poverty rate. The poverty rate for Forsyth County residents is higher than the North Carolina state average by 2.5%, and the poverty rate for children (ages 0-17) in Forsyth County is 3.5% higher than the NC State average.

Median Household Income		Population Educational Attainment (≥ 25 yrs old)		Poverty Rate	
		< HS diploma/GED	7.7%	All ages (Forsyth County)	19.7%
Forsyth County	\$45,944	HS diploma/GED	26.1%	All ages (North Carolina)	17.2%
	Carolina \$46,596	Some college or associate's degree	28.5%	Children (0-17)	27.6%
North Carolina		Bachelor's degree	20.7%	Children (0-17)	
		≥ Graduate degree	11.4%	(North Carolina)	24.1%

II. Prioritized Health Needs

a) Identified Significant Health Needs

From participant responses from the 2014 Community Health Opinion Survey, several social, behavioral, and clinical health needs were identified based on highest rank in responses after analyzing and interpreting Forsyth County's primary and secondary data. Overall findings included the following:

- The top three issues that most affect the quality of life of Forsyth County residents are low income/poverty, homelessness and violent crime/dropping out of school.
- The top three services that needed improvement were availability of employment, positive teen activities and high paying employment.
- Regarding personal health responses, 75% reported their health was good to excellent; 70% reported engaging in physical activity for 30 minutes in the past 30 days; 47% did not receive the flu shots and the top three chronic health conditions previously diagnosed were high blood pressure, high cholesterol and depression or anxiety.

³ U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimate Program. December 2015. http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

- Regarding access to care/family health responses, when sick, 70% visit the doctor's office, 10% hospitals and 10% urgent care. Barriers cited to receiving healthcare were lack of insurance, insurance did not cover what I needed and cost too high.
- The top health issues were overweight/obesity, mental health and chronic disease.
- The top social issues were poverty, homelessness, unemployment and access to care.

Based on these identified health needs, the CHA Data Team, a working group formed out of the Forsyth County Community Health Assessment Advisory Group, identified these issues as 17 social, clinical, behavioral and health outcomes. The identified health outcomes included the following:

- 1. Access to Care
- 2. Alcohol abuse
- 3. Cancer
- 4. Depression
- 5. Heart Disease
- 6. Homelessness
- 7. Inequities
- 8. Infant Care
- 9. Overweight/Obesity
- 10. Physical inactivity
- 11. Poor diet
- 12. Poverty
- 13. Risky sexual activity
- 14. Smoking
- 15. Stroke
- 16. Suicide
- 17. Unemployment

b) County Prioritization

In July 2015, a combination of online surveys and paper surveys were conducted to ask community members and stakeholders to rank the top three health issues according to years of potential life lost and magnitude of these issues. The calculated scores were used to rank the focus areas, and the weighted rankings from the community opinion surveys and the priority focus exercise were combined with the following results:

- 1) Cancer
- 2) Heart Disease
- 3) Stroke
- 4) Infant Mortality
- 5) Suicide

Recommended Prioritized Health Outcomes

For each of the identified areas, recommendations were made for the three broad health outcomes priorities of chronic disease, maternal and infant health and mental health. Below is a summary of those recommendations:

- Chronic Disease: Increase programming of chronic disease self-management programs that are
 delivered by lay individuals in community settings or via computer or phone applications or
 messaging. Potential outcomes to achieve include increased healthy behaviors, improved
 quality of life, improved mental health, reduced hospital utilization, and improved chronic
 disease management.
- Maternal and Infant Health: develop an approach to improving infant mortality focusing on the
 collective impact model that will foster a sense of community, create a shared vision amongst
 community members, coordinate efforts through reinforcing activities, improve organizational
 support dedicated to the work of groups supporting infant health.
- Mental Health: integrate behavioral health into primary care practices, bring substance abuse screenings and treatments into a primary care setting, carefully collaborate between providers, case managers, behavioral health consultants and mental health specialists to help improve mental health, patient engagement and reduce drug and alcohol use.

c) Facility prioritization

In addition to the community rankings, Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center reviewed the top five diagnosis codes for inpatient and outpatient hospital emergency room visits year-to-date January to July 2015.

Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center Emergency Department
Top 5 Diagnoses YTD Jan-July 2015

Inpatient		Outpatient	Outpatient		
Diagnosis	Volume	Diagnosis	Volume		
Septicemia NOS	814	Chest pain NOS	1,331		
Pneumonia, organism NOS	400	Chest pain NEC	896		
Urinary tract infection NOS	219	Urinary tract infection NOS	895		
Chest pain, NEC	69	Headache	806		
Syncope and collapse	65	Abdominal pain oth spcf st.	628		

A review of the hospital emergency room visits indicated that many of the top inpatient diagnosis codes are correlated with chronic issues affecting the aging population. Upon analysis of the outpatient diagnosis codes, it was apparent that many of the patients seen had symptoms that could be related to a number of chronic conditions, including (but not limited to) heart disease, obesity, diabetes and chronic issues related to aging.

Upon a comprehensive review of the community's recommended prioritized outcomes and NHFMC's ED top 5 diagnosis codes, the Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center leadership team and Board of Trustees evaluated this information based on the scope, severity, and health disparities associated with the need, and the estimated feasibility and effectiveness of possible interventions. Through this thorough

evaluation, the team agreed on the following five top significant health priorities for Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center:

- 1. Diabetes
- 2. Obesity
- 3. Other Chronic Diseases
- 4. Maternal and Infant Health
- 5. Mental health

III. Issues Identified for Remediation

In the following section Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center will address each of the prioritized needs identified for remediation. Within the discussion of each need, Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center will identify how the facility plans to address the need, describe the various programs and resources to be committed, and outline the anticipated impact. Additional information will be provided in relation to priority populations, intervention strategies, tactics for achievement, growth targets and community partners as applicable.

The following action plans were developed through evaluation of Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center programs and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services "Healthy People 2020" topics. To determine anticipated impact, Healthy People 2020 objectives were reviewed and integrated into each priority area. As a leader committed to improving the nation's health, it is imperative to Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center that our guiding principles in defining our role in community health outreach and advocacy be well aligned with the Healthy People's goal of achieving health equity and eliminating disparities. (See Appendix A for Healthy People 2020 objectives that were evaluated.)

a) Priority 1: Diabetes

From 2009-2013 Diabetes remained a leading cause of death in Forsyth County and disproportionately affected African-Americans with a 3.4 to 1 ratio. Based on the same 2013 statistics, diabetes ranked as the fourth most common cause of death in non-whites, as compared to whites and Hispanics. Additionally, the community perception survey identified diabetes as an emerging issue for both adults and children.

Programs, resources and intended actions to address diabetes: Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center offers community based services including education for diabetes prevention and diabetes management, as well as glucose and A1C screenings. All of the these programs are intended to increase awareness of diabetes, promote healthy lifestyles that prevent disease, provide education around management and monitoring techniques and support patients through the initial stages of diagnosis and treatment.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEED						
	DIABETES					
COMMUNITY BENEFIT PROGRAM INTENDED OUTCOME ACTIONS						
Community A1c screenings	Remarkable You community screening initiative in high African American populations	Early detection of undiagnosed prediabetic and diabetic participants will increase				

Community diabetes	Lecture series on diabetes	Knowledge level of participants will
education	prevention	increase and participants will learn
		new skills to change unhealthy
		behaviors

b) Priority 2: Obesity

In the Community Health Assessment, residents were asked a series of questions about what they believed were the top three health behaviors people in their community need more information about and a strong theme related to healthy living emerged, where eating well/nutrition (26.2%) exercising/fitness (22.9%) and managing weight (22.4%) were all commonly cited. In addition, 26.5% of participants reported that they had been diagnosed as obese or overweight by a health care provider.

Programs, resources and intended actions to address obesity: Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center offers programs to address obesity, including body mass index screenings, nutrition education, nutrition counseling and The Weigh for You weight loss program. Additionally, Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center collaborates with various community partners to support other nutrition and fitness programs throughout Forsyth County. These programs include 1) A comprehensive diabetes and obesity partnership with the YWCA and Wake Forest Baptist Medical Center, and 2) KidSmart, a program designed to increase physical activity in adolescents. All programs and partnerships are intended to increase exposure and access to healthy foods, decrease weight loss and lower overall health risk factors.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEED						
	OBESITY					
COMMUNITY BENEFIT ACTIONS	PROGRAM	INTENDED OUTCOME				
Community Body Mass Index (BMI) screenings	Remarkable You community screening initiative	Early detection of undiagnosed obese participants will increase and participants will learn new skills to change unhealthy behaviors				
Community nutrition education	Lectures on healthy eating and weight management	Knowledge level of participants will increase and participants will learn new skills to change unhealthy behaviors				
Community weight loss series	The Weigh for You	Overweight and obese participants will decrease weight and other risk factors and change unhealthy behaviors related to obesity				

c) Priority 3: Other Chronic Diseases

Cancer and heart disease are ranked the first and second leading causes of death, respectively, in Forsyth County and in the state of North Carolina. Both cancer and heart disease kill more males than females in Forsyth County (48.4% and 70.4% higher, respectively) and in comparison to the non-Hispanic White population, the non-Hispanic African American population death rates were 23.1% greater for cancer and 48.1% greater for heart disease.

Programs, resources and intended actions to address other chronic disease: Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center provides mobile mammography services and clinical breast exams to uninsured/underinsured women. All of these screenings are designed to increase early detection of cancer. Additionally, Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center offers heart risk assessments, vascular screenings, PAD screenings and cardiac education that are designed to increase the community's awareness of risk factors, prevent unnecessary cardiac related problems, and connect individuals to prevention and management services.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEED						
	OTHER CHRONIC DISEASES					
COMMUNITY BENEFIT ACTIONS	PROGRAM	INTENDED OUTCOME				
Community Cancer screenings	Novant Health mobile mammography unit and community cancer screenings in racial minority populations	Participants will change beliefs about importance of annual screening for early detection and increase adherence for follow up appointments.				
Community cancer education	Lectures on healthy lifestyles and cancer prevention	Knowledge level of participants will increase and participants will learn new skills to change unhealthy behaviors				
Cardiac clinics	Heart and vascular screenings for community-at-large	Detection of undiagnosed heart disease risk factors among participants will increase				
	Heart and vascular screenings for African American women through HOSEA partnership with Winston Salem State University	Detection of undiagnosed heart disease risk factors among participants will increase and participants will learn new skills to change unhealthy behaviors				
Community education	Lectures on healthy lifestyles and chronic disease prevention	Knowledge level of participants will increase and participants will learn new skills to change unhealthy behaviors				
Self-help services	One-on-one health coaching and group support groups	Participants will increase adherence to behavioral changes for lifestyle management of chronic disease risk factors and change attitudes and beliefs				

d) Priority 4: Maternal and Infant Health

In 2012 and 2013, one of the leading causes of infant death was prematurity and low birth weight. In 2013, very low birth weight for African-American, non-Hispanic births were 242% greater than that of White, non-Hispanic births, and Hispanic births were 92% greater than that of White, non-Hispanic births. Additionally, in 2013, low birth weight for African-American, non-Hispanic births were 63% greater than that of White, non-Hispanic births, and Hispanic births were 1% lower than that of White, non-Hispanic births. Forsyth County has a persistently high inequity in birth outcomes, where African American infants die at a rate more than twice (2.13) the rate of White infants. As of 2013, Forsyth County had the second highest overall infant mortality rate of the five most populated North Carolina counties.

Programs, resources and intended actions to address maternal and infant health: Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center is home to the regional birthing center and offers community education on healthy pregnancy and breastfeeding basics, along with courses in prepared childbirth, sibling preparation and infant care. All services are intended to increase knowledge of healthy pregnancy, risk factors related to low birth weight babies and provide parents-to-be with education and resources related to raising a healthy infant.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEED					
MATERNAL AND INFANT HEALTH					
COMMUNITY BENEFIT PROGRAM INTENDED OUTCOME ACTIONS					
Prepared childbirth classes	Lectures on healthy pregnancy, reducing risk factors and infant care	Knowledge level of participants will increase and participants will learn new skills and decrease risk factors			
Forsyth Connect Initiative	Home visiting initiative for new moms during postpartum period	Improve parenting skills and positive health outcomes to help decrease risk of infant mortality			

e) Priority 5: Mental Health

From 2001-2013 the death rate from suicide in Forsyth County increased by 10%. For males, Forsyth County had the highest suicide rate of the five most populated North Carolina counties. In the Community Health Assessment, 26.5% of participants reported that they had been diagnosed with depression or anxiety by a health care provider, and 24.9% reported that feeling sad or worried in the past month kept them from going about their normal day.

Programs, resources and intended actions to address mental health: Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center provides community education focused on stress management, as well as community based behavioral services through our 24-hour behavioral health outpatient assessment center and mobile crisis team. All programs and services are intended to assist the community with varying needs of mental health support at times when they are needed most.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH NEED						
	MENTAL HEALTH					
COMMUNITY BENEFIT ACTIONS	PROGRAM	INTENDED OUTCOME				

Community	Mental health Community	Community collaboration will further impact
programming	grant(s) initiative	residents in need of mental health services
		through navigation and addressing social
		determinants impacting mental health
		outcomes

IV. Unaddressed health needs

Although Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center is working to address several significant needs in the community, we are unable to impact all identified county priorities, but will support community partners as appropriate with the following known issues:

Need	Explanation
Alcohol abuse	Other agencies addressing need
 Risky sexual activity 	
 Smoking 	
Access to Care	Community coalitions in existence to help address need from
	a collaborative-based approach
 Homelessness 	Outside of Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center's scope of
 Inequities 	services
 Poverty 	
 Unemployment 	

V. Role of the board and administration

The Novant Health Triad Region Board of Trustees and Novant Health Forsyth Medical Center administration are active participants in the community benefit process. Through strategic planning initiatives focused on chronic disease, community health outreach, and access to care, leadership provides direction on actions and intended impact, and serves as the approving body for the community health needs assessment and community benefit implementation plan. Administrative leaders serve on the County assessment process teams, priority setting committee and action planning team and hospital board members participate and provide influence to the community benefit plans. All members are actively involved in the priority setting discussion and outreach planning process. Additionally, community benefit reports are provided to the board and facility leadership teams throughout the calendar year for ongoing education.

Appendix A: Healthy People 2020 Indicators

Diabetes

- Increase the proportion of persons with diabetes whose condition has been diagnosed (Healthy People 2020; D-15).
- Increase the proportion of persons with diagnosed diabetes who receive formal education (Healthy People 2020; D-14).

Obesity

- Increase the proportion of adults who are at a healthy weight (Healthy People 2020; NWS-8).
- Reduce the number of children and adolescents who are considered obese (Healthy People 2020; NWS-10).

Heart Disease and Stroke

- Increase the proportion of adults who have had their blood pressure measured within the preceding 2 years and can state whether their blood pressure was normal or high (Healthy People 2020; HDS-4)
- Reduce the proportion of persons in the population with hypertension (Healthy People 2020; HDS-5)

Cancer

• Increase the proportion of women who receive a breast cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines (Healthy People 2020; C-17).

Infant Mortality

• Increase the proportion of pregnant women who attend a series of prepared childbirth classes (Healthy People 2020; MICH-12)

Mental Health

- Reduce the suicide rate (Healthy People 2020; MHMD-1)
- Increase the proportion of adults with mental health disorders who receive treatment (Healthy People 2020; MHMD-9)